Castles, Queens, Dragons and Knights Year 2 Who lived in a castle like this?

In this unit, pupils will find out about what castles are, where they came from and what they were/are used for. The will explore the different parts of a castle and why they were designed in the way that they were to defend the important people who lived in them. They will then focus on famous castles in the capital cities around the UK. They will also find out about the British royal family. In DT, they will design and make sashes to wear at a royal banquet and build castles using different construction materials. In computing they will use a paint package to create a picture of a castle of their own design.

By the end of this unit, I will know:

- Castles were homes of important people such as Lords of the King or Queen.
- Lots of people worked in a castle doing different jobs including knights, soldiers, craftsmen, cooks and servants
- Life in a medieval castle centred around the Great Hall. This
 is where the Lord would eat, entertain guests, hold
 banquets and conduct business.
- Originally castles were made of wood but later they were replaced with stone to make them stronger.
- Castles were built on top of hills to help with their defence.
- That the UK is made up of 4 countries- England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- The capital cities are London, Cardiff, Edinburgh and Belfast.
- Edinburgh, Cardiff, Belfast and London all have famous castles.
- Queen Elizabeth II is the head of the British royal family and she resides in Buckingham Palace/Windsor Castle.
- Prince Charles is the heir to the British throne.

Core Texts

Dragon's Can't Swim by Vivian French



Key History Skills:

- Ask questions about the past.
- Know the difference between primary and secondary sources.
- Use the terms primary and secondary source.

Key Geography Skills:

- Name and locate the four countries of the UK, the capital cities and the surrounding seas.
- Identify and describe some of the characteristics of the 4 countries of the UK.
- Use basic geographical vocabulary to describe physical characteristics of places studies.
- Use basic geographical vocabulary to describe human characteristics of places studies.

Key DT Skills:

- Think of own ideas and plan what to do next.
- Describe designs using pictures, diagrams, models, mock-ups, words and ICT.
- Design a product following design criteria.
- Cut out shapes which have been created by drawing around a template onto the fabric.
- Join textiles using simple running stitch.
- Construct a range of simple structures using simple construction
- kits.
- Suggest what went well and what could be done differently when evaluating their own product.

Key Computing Skills:

- Use various tools such as brushes, pens, rubber, stamps and shapes.
- Save my work.
- · Print my work.



castle	A castle is a building strengthened against attack.
moat	A deep ditch that surrounds a castle in order to protect it. It is usually filled with water.
drawbridge	A moveable bridge used to allow or prevent access to a castle.
keep	Strong tower in the centre of the castle.
battlements	The part of the castle used to fend off attackers. Gaps in the battlements allowed arrows to be launched easily.
bailey	the bailey was an inner courtyard in the middle of the castle.
portcullis	A strong iron gate that can be raised to allow the drawbridge to be lowered.
capital city	The most important city in a country.
attack	Try to get into a place with weapons.
defend	protect