Spelling: Long term overview

YEAR 2

Use this guidance in conjunction with National Curriculum English Appendix 1: Spelling

Use this guidance in conjunction with National Curriculum English Appendix 1: Spelling							
	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
		All Year 2 spellings to	I know and use alternate	Revising and securing			
	I know and use	I can spell words	I can spell words with	I can spell words with the	spellings for phonemes.	Year 2 spellings	
	alternate spellings for	correctly by adding the	contracted forms.	suffix – ment, ness, ful,			
	phonemes.	ending -ed, -ing, -er, -		less, ly.			
		est and –y when the	I can spell words with				
	I can spell words	root word needs	the /or/ sound spelt 'a'	I can spell some words	AFTER SATS		
ē	ending in <u>-il</u> , -le, -el and	changing (e.g. when root	before I and II (e.g. call,	ending in -tion correctly.			
tracker	-al.	word ends in -y or -e with	ball).		Revising and securing		
		a consonant before it,		I know and use alternate	Year 2 spellings		
the		when consonant letter needs doubling).	I know and use alternate	spellings for phonemes.			
E O		needs doubling).	spellings for phonemes.				
Ť.		I can spell plural words		I can spell some common			
Statement		correctly (including	I can spell words ending	homophones			
em		adding es to nouns and	in -il, <u>-le, -el</u> and <u>-al</u> .				
tat		verbs ending in y)		I can distinguish between			
S		verbs chang in y)		homophones and near			
		I know and use		homophones			
		alternate spellings for					
		phonemes.		I can use an apostrophe			
		'		for singular possession			
				(GP)			

	TI / IZ / I II			TI (C)	T / / 1	1
ves	The /d3/ sound spelt as	Adding –ed, –ing, –er	Contractions	The suffixes –ment, -ness, -	The /aɪ/ sound spelt –y	
	ge and dge at the end	and –est to a root word		ful, -less and –ly	at the end of words	
	of words, and	ending in –y with a	The /O:/ sound spelt a			
	sometimes spelt as g	consonant before it	before I and II	Words ending in –tion		
	elsewhere in words					
	before e, I and y	Adding the endings –	The /^/ sound spelt o	The /ʒ/ sound spelt s (zh		
		ing, –ed, –er, –est and –		sound) e.g. television,		
	The /s/ sound spelt c	y to words ending in –e	The /I/ or /əI/ sound	measure		
	before e, i and y	with a consonant	spelt –el at the end of			
ਝੁ		before it	words	Homophones and near-		
Linked NC objectives	The /n/ sound spelt kn			homophones		
	and (less often) gn at	Adding –ing, –ed, –er,	The /I/ or /ƏI/ sound			
	the beginning of words	est and -y to words of	spelt –le at the end of	The possessive apostrophe		
		one syllable ending in a	words	(singular nouns) (GP)		
<u>=</u>	The /r/ sound spelt wr	single consonant letter				
_	at the beginning of	after a single vowel	The /l/ or /əl/ sound			
	words	letter	spelt –al at the end of			
			words			
	The /3:/ sounds spelt or	Adding –es to nouns				
	after w and the /O:/	and verbs ending in -y	The /p/ sound spelt a			
	sounds spelt ar after w		after w and qu			
	-	The /i:/ sound spelt –ey				
	Words ending –il					
	door	pass	last	water	find	kind
<u>~</u>	mind	whole	child	great	cold	most
ord	sure	grass	prove	class	every	only
≥	past	floor	break	move	pretty	both
į	plant	should	clothes	bath	fast	hour
Common exception words	any	could	even	children	climb	improve
	who	would	after	wild	father	parents
	poor	busy	again	money	beautiful	path
	gold	people	half	Mr	eye	sugar
E 0	hold	many	old	Mrs	behind	steak
ŭ	told	everybody				
	because	Christmas				